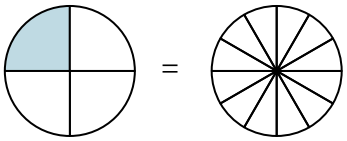
Finden von äquivalenten Brüchen

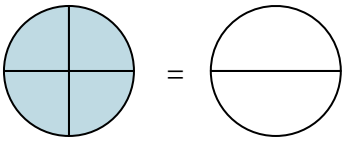
Name:

Male den visuellen Bruch aus, um den äquivalenten Bruch zu finden.

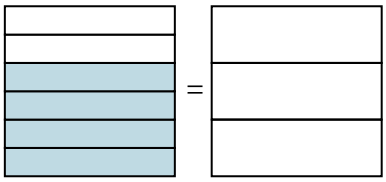
Bsp) $\frac{1}{4}$ = $\frac{3}{12}$



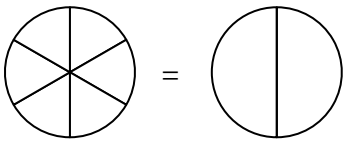
1) $\frac{4}{4}$ =



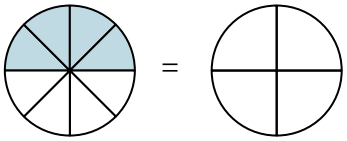
2) $\frac{4}{6}$ =



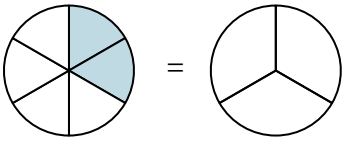
3) $\frac{0}{6}$ =



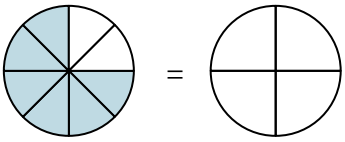
4) $\frac{4}{8}$ =



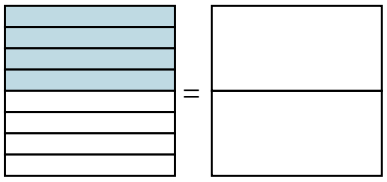
5) $\frac{2}{6}$ =



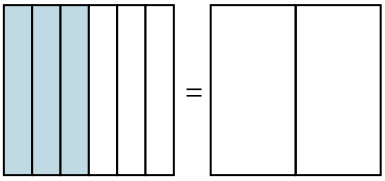
6) $\frac{6}{8}$ =



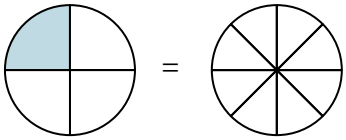
7) $\frac{4}{8}$ =



8) $\frac{3}{6}$ =



9) $\frac{1}{4}$ =



Antworten

Bsp. $\frac{3}{12}$

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____
7. _____
8. _____
9. _____

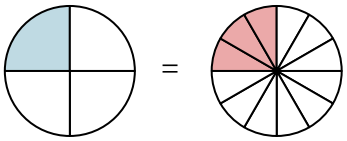
1-9	89	78	67	56	44	33	22	11	0

Finden von äquivalenten Brüchen

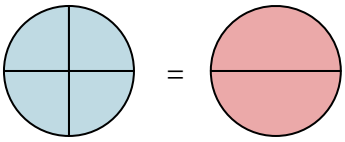
Name: **Lösungsschlüssel**

Male den visuellen Bruch aus, um den äquivalenten Bruch zu finden.

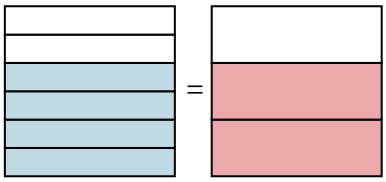
Bsp) $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{3}{12}$



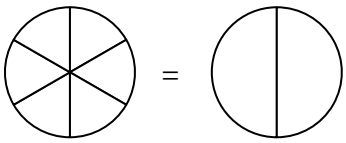
1) $\frac{4}{4} = \frac{2}{2}$



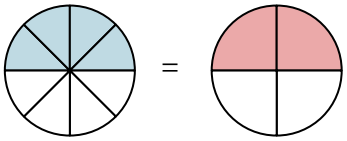
2) $\frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$



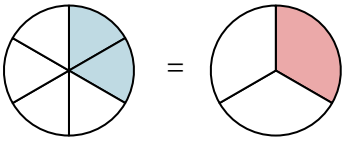
3) $\frac{0}{6} = \frac{0}{2}$



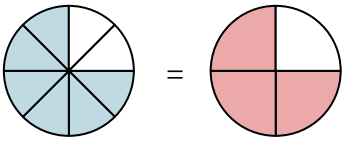
4) $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{2}{4}$



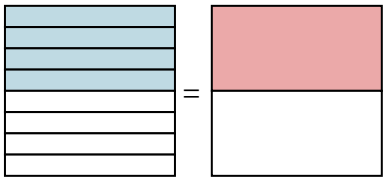
5) $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$



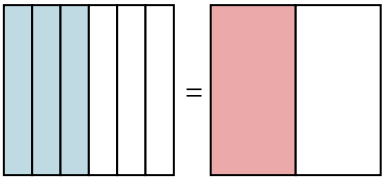
6) $\frac{6}{8} = \frac{3}{4}$



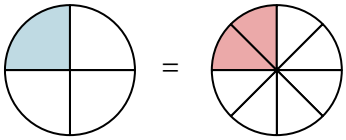
7) $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$



8) $\frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$



9) $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$



Antworten

Bsp.	$\frac{3}{12}$
1.	$\frac{2}{2}$
2.	$\frac{2}{3}$
3.	$\frac{0}{2}$
4.	$\frac{2}{4}$
5.	$\frac{1}{3}$
6.	$\frac{3}{4}$
7.	$\frac{1}{2}$
8.	$\frac{1}{2}$
9.	$\frac{2}{8}$

1-9	89	78	67	56	44	33	22	11	0